

## Derivation of equation (21)

$$P\{\hat{m}_p \geq m_p^* | i\} = \Phi_i^1 \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} \left\{ \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p, \hat{\sigma}_{p,i}^R) d\xi \right\} g_p(m_p; m_p^*, \sigma_p) dm_p \right] \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i \rho_i) d\theta + \int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i \rho_i) d\theta \right] \\ + \Phi_i^1 \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left[ \int_{m_p^*}^{m_p^*} \left\{ \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi \right\} g_p(m_p; m_p^*, \sigma_p) dm_p \right] h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i \rho_i) d\theta \right]$$

Because of the assumption that  $\sigma_p / \hat{\sigma}_p \rightarrow 0$  we have  $m_p^* = m_p$  and then:

$$\left[ \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} \left\{ \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p, \hat{\sigma}_{p,i}^R) d\xi \right\} g_p(m_p; m_p^*, \sigma_p) dm_p \right] = \frac{1}{4}$$

Also,

$$\int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} \left\{ \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi \right\} g_p(m_p; m_p^*, \sigma_p) dm_p = \frac{1}{2} \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi$$

Therefore

$$P\{\hat{m}_p \geq m_p^* | i\} = \frac{\Phi_i^1}{4} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i \rho_i) d\theta + \int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i \rho_i) d\theta \right] + \frac{\Phi_i^1}{2} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left\{ \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi \right\} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i \rho_i) d\theta$$

$$\int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi = \frac{1}{\hat{\sigma}_p \sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{(m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) - \xi)^2}{2\hat{\sigma}_p^2}} d\xi$$

$$\text{Let } t = \frac{(m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) - \xi)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \quad \text{Then } dt = -\frac{d\xi}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \quad \text{and } \xi = (m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) - t\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p)$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi &= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}}^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt = \\ &= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}}^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{-\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \leq 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}}^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left\{ \int_{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}}^0 e^{-t^2} dt + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt \right\} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left\{ \int_0^{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}} e^{-t^2} dt + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \end{cases} \\ &= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{-\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \leq 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left\{ \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt - \int_{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}}^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \end{cases} \\ &= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{-\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \leq 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} + \frac{1}{2} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \end{cases} \\ \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi &= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{-\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$P\{\hat{m}_p \geq m_p^* | i\} = \frac{\Phi_i^1}{4} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \bar{\rho}_i) d\theta + \int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \bar{\rho}_i) d\theta \right] + \frac{\Phi_i^1}{2} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{-\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \end{cases} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \bar{\rho}_i) d\theta$$

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## Derivation of the equations (22) and (23)

$$P\{\hat{m}_p \geq m_p^* | i\} = \frac{\Phi_i^1}{4} \left[ \frac{\int_{-\infty}^{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i \rho_i) d\theta}{\int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i \rho_i) d\theta} + \frac{\Phi_i^1}{2} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \end{cases} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i \rho_i) d\theta \right]$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i \rho_i) d\theta = \frac{1}{\rho_i \sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p} e^{-\frac{(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta$$

Let  $t = \frac{(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}$  Then  $dt = \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}$  and  $\theta = (\bar{\delta}_i + t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i \rho_i) d\theta = \frac{1}{\rho_i \sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} e^{-t^2} \sqrt{2}\rho_i dt$$

If  $-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i \leq 0 \Rightarrow \bar{\delta}_i \geq -\tilde{\delta}_i^p$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i \rho_i) d\theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p + \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p + \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\}$$

If  $-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i \geq 0 \Rightarrow \tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq -\bar{\delta}_i$

or  $-\infty < \bar{\delta}_i < -\tilde{\delta}_i^p$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i \rho_i) d\theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} e^{-t^2} dt = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{-t^2} dt + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} e^{-t^2} dt =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \left[ \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\bar{\delta}_i + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} \right] = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\bar{\delta}_i + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\}$$

Thus

$$\int_{-\infty}^{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i \rho_i) d\theta = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p + \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq \bar{\delta}_i < \infty \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\bar{\delta}_i + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} & -\infty < \bar{\delta}_i < -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Similarly} \int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta = \frac{1}{\rho_i \sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta$$

$$\int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta = \frac{1}{\rho_i \sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}}^{\infty} e^{-t^2} \sqrt{2\rho_i} dt$$

$$\text{If } \tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i \leq 0 \Rightarrow \tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq \bar{\delta}_i$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}}^0 e^{-t^2} dt + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt \\ &= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}} \right\} + \frac{1}{2} = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{If } \tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i \geq 0 \Rightarrow \tilde{\delta}_i^p \geq \bar{\delta}_i$$

$$\int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}}^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}} \right\}$$

Thus,

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta &= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p + \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}} \right\} & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq \bar{\delta}_i < \infty \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\bar{\delta}_i + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}} \right\} & -\infty < \bar{\delta}_i < -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \end{cases} \\ \int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta &= \begin{cases} 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}} \right\} & \tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq \bar{\delta}_i \\ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}} \right\} & \tilde{\delta}_i^p \geq \bar{\delta}_i \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

Regions

|                         |     |                      |
|-------------------------|-----|----------------------|
| $-\tilde{\delta}_i^p$   | $0$ | $\tilde{\delta}_i^p$ |
| -----+=====+=====+===== |     |                      |
| =====+-----+-----+----- |     |                      |
| -----+-----+-----+===== |     |                      |
| =====+=====+=====+----- |     |                      |

Therefore

$$\left[ \int_{-\infty}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta + \int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta \right] = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p + \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} & \tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq \bar{\delta}_i < \infty \\ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p + \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq \bar{\delta}_i < \tilde{\delta}_i^p \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\bar{\delta}_i + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} & \bar{\delta}_i \leq -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \end{cases}$$

Now:

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \end{cases} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta = \int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \alpha_p^i \theta \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \alpha_p^i \theta > 0 \end{cases} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta = \\ & = \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \alpha_p^i \theta \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \alpha_p^i \theta > 0 \end{cases} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta + \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \alpha_p^i \theta \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \alpha_p^i \theta > 0 \end{cases} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \end{cases} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta =$$

$$\alpha_p^i > 0$$

$$= \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta + \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left\{ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta$$

$$\alpha_p^i < 0$$

$$= \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \left\{ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta + \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \end{array} \right\} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta = \\
& = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right\} \right\} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta + \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left\{ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right\} \right\} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta \quad \alpha_p^i \geq 0 \\ \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \left\{ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right\} \right\} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta + \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right\} \right\} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta \quad \alpha_p^i < 0 \end{array} \right\} \\
& \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \end{array} \right\} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta = \\
& = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right\} \right\} \frac{e^{-\frac{(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}}}{\rho_i \sqrt{2\pi}} d\theta + \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left\{ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right\} \right\} \frac{e^{-\frac{(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}}}{\rho_i \sqrt{2\pi}} d\theta \quad \alpha_p^i \geq 0 \\ \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \left\{ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right\} \right\} \frac{e^{-\frac{(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}}}{\rho_i \sqrt{2\pi}} d\theta + \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right\} \right\} \frac{e^{-\frac{(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}}}{\rho_i \sqrt{2\pi}} d\theta \quad \alpha_p^i < 0 \end{array} \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

Let  $t = \frac{(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}$  Then  $dt = \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}$  and  $\theta = (\bar{\delta}_i + t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)$

$$\int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \end{cases} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \begin{cases} \int_{\frac{(-\bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i(\bar{\delta}_i + t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt + \int_{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i(\bar{\delta}_i + t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt & \alpha_p^i \geq 0 \\ \int_{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^{\frac{(-\bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i(\bar{\delta}_i + t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt + \int_{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i(\bar{\delta}_i + t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt & \alpha_p^i < 0 \end{cases}$$

Then

$$\int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \end{cases} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} \begin{cases} \int_{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^{\frac{(-\bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i(\bar{\delta}_i + t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt + \int_{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ 2 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i(\bar{\delta}_i + t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt & \alpha_p^i \geq 0 \\ \int_{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^{\frac{(-\bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ 2 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i(\bar{\delta}_i + t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt + \int_{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i(\bar{\delta}_i + t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt & \alpha_p^i < 0 \end{cases}$$

Now  $\int_a^\infty \operatorname{erfc}\{a+bz\} e^{-z^2} dz$  cannot be integrated analytically.

Thus, recalling that

$$P\{\hat{m}_p \geq m_p^* | i\} = \frac{\Phi_i^1}{4} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta + \int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta \right] + \frac{\Phi_i^1}{2} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \end{cases} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta$$

we have:

$$\begin{aligned}
P\{\hat{m}_p \geq m_p^* | i\} = & \frac{\Phi_i^1}{4} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p + \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} & \tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq \bar{\delta}_i < \infty \\ & \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p + \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq \bar{\delta}_i < \tilde{\delta}_i^p \\ & 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\bar{\delta}_i + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} & \bar{\delta}_i \leq -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \end{aligned} \right\} \\
& + \frac{\Phi_i^1}{2} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \int_{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^{\frac{-\bar{\delta}_i}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i (\bar{\delta}_i + t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt + \int_{\frac{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ 2 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i (\bar{\delta}_i + t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt & \alpha_p^i \geq 0 \\ & \int_{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^{\frac{-\bar{\delta}_i}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ 2 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i (\bar{\delta}_i + t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt + \int_{\frac{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i (\bar{\delta}_i + t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt & \alpha_p^i < 0 \end{aligned} \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

which for the case of zero mean ( $\bar{\delta}_i = 0$ ) reduces to:

$$\begin{aligned}
P\{\hat{m}_p \geq m_p^* | i\} = & \frac{\Phi_i^1}{4} \left[ \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} \right] + \\
& + \frac{\Phi_i^1}{2} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \int_{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^0 \left\{ \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i (t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt + \int_0^{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ 2 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i (t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt & \alpha_p^i \geq 0 \\ & \int_{\frac{(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}}^0 \left\{ 2 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i (t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt + \int_0^{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i (t\sqrt{2}\rho_i)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt & \alpha_p^i < 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \\
P\{\hat{m}_p \geq m_p^* | i\} = & \frac{\Phi_i^1}{4} \left[ \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} \right] + \\
& + \frac{\Phi_i^1}{2} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \int_0^{\frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i \sqrt{2}\rho_i}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} t \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt + \int_0^{\frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ 2 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i \sqrt{2}\rho_i}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} t \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt & \alpha_p^i \geq 0 \\ & \int_0^{\frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ 2 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i \sqrt{2}\rho_i}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} t \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt + \int_0^{\frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i}} \left\{ \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i \sqrt{2}\rho_i}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} t \right\} \right\} e^{-t^2} dt & \alpha_p^i < 0 \end{aligned} \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned}
P\{\hat{m}_p \geq m_p^* | i\} &= \frac{\Phi_i^1}{4} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}\right\} + \frac{\Phi_i^1}{2} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} \left\{ \int_0^{\frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}} 2e^{-t^2} dt \quad \alpha_p^i \geq 0 \right. \\
&\quad \left. \int_0^{\frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}} 2e^{-t^2} dt \quad \alpha_p^i < 0 \right\} = \\
&= \frac{\Phi_i^1}{4} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}\right\} + \frac{\Phi_i^1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^{\frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}} e^{-t^2} dt = \frac{\Phi_i^1}{4} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}\right\} + \frac{\Phi_i^1}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}\right\} \right\} = \\
&= \frac{\Phi_i^1}{4} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}\right\} + \frac{\Phi_i^1}{4} \left\{ 1 - \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}\right\} \right\} = \frac{\Phi_i^1}{4}
\end{aligned}$$


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## Derivation of equation (25)

$$\begin{aligned}
 P\{\hat{m}_p \geq m_p^* | \theta_1, \theta_2\} &= \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} \left\{ \begin{aligned} &G(\theta_1, \theta_2 | \theta_1, \theta_2) \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p, \hat{\sigma}_{p,i1,i2}^R) d\xi + \\ &[1 - G(\theta_1, \theta_2 | \theta_1, \theta_2)] \\ &\int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p + \hat{\delta}_p^{i1,i2}(\theta_1, \theta_2), \hat{\sigma}_{p,m}) d\xi \\ &+ G(\theta_1 | \theta_1, \theta_2) \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p + \hat{\delta}_{p,m}^{i2}(\theta_2), \hat{\sigma}_{p,i1}^R) d\xi \\ &+ G(\theta_2 | \theta_1, \theta_2) \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p + \hat{\delta}_p^{i1}(\theta_1), \hat{\sigma}_{p,i2}^R) d\xi \end{aligned} \right\} g_p(m_p; m_p^*, \sigma_p) dm_p \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \begin{aligned} &G(\theta_1, \theta_2 | \theta_1, \theta_2) \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p^*, \hat{\sigma}_{p,i1,i2}^R) d\xi + \\ &[1 - G(\theta_1, \theta_2 | \theta_1, \theta_2)] \\ &\int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^{i1,i2}(\theta_1, \theta_2), \hat{\sigma}_{p,m}) d\xi \\ &+ G(\theta_1 | \theta_1, \theta_2) \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_{p,m}^{i2}(\theta_2), \hat{\sigma}_{p,i1}^R) d\xi \\ &+ G(\theta_2 | \theta_1, \theta_2) \int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^{i1}(\theta_1), \hat{\sigma}_{p,i2}^R) d\xi \end{aligned} \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

But

$$\int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p^*, \hat{\sigma}_{p,i1,i2}^R) d\xi = \frac{1}{2}$$

and

$$\int_{m_p^*}^{\infty} g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \end{cases}$$

Then

$$P\{\hat{m}_p \geq m_p^* | \theta_1, \theta_2\} = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & G(\theta_1, \theta_2 | \theta_1, \theta_2) \frac{1}{2} + \\ & [1 - G(\theta_1, \theta_2 | \theta_1, \theta_2)] \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^{i1,i2}(\theta_1, \theta_2)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^{i1,i2}(\theta_1, \theta_2) \leq 0 \\ & 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^{i1,i2}(\theta_1, \theta_2)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^{i1,i2}(\theta_1, \theta_2) > 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \\ & + G(\theta_1 | \theta_1, \theta_2) \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_{p,m}^{i2}(\theta_2)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_{p,m}^{i2}(\theta_2) \leq 0 \\ & 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\hat{\delta}_{p,m}^{i2}(\theta_2)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_{p,m}^{i2}(\theta_2) > 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \\ & + G(\theta_2 | \theta_1, \theta_2) \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_{p,m}^{i1}(\theta_1)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_{p,m}^{i1}(\theta_1) \leq 0 \\ & 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\hat{\delta}_{p,m}^{i1}(\theta_1)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_{p,m}^{i1}(\theta_1) > 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \end{aligned} \right\}$$


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## Derivation of equations (35)-(39)

$$DEFL^1|i = \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} K_S T \left\{ \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} (m_p^* - \xi) g_M(\xi; m_p, \hat{\sigma}_{p,i}^R) d\xi \right\} g_P(m_p; m_p^*, \sigma_p) dm_p \right. \\ \left. \begin{aligned} & \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta + \right. \\ & \left. \int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta \right] \\ & + \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} K_S T \left\{ \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} (m_p^* - \xi) g_M(\xi; m_p + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi \right\} g_P(m_p; m_p^*, \sigma_p) dm_p \right. \\ & \left. \left. h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta \right] \right] \end{aligned} \right\}$$

The first integral can be taken from the previous paper (Bagajewicz et al., 2004)

$$DEFL^1|i = DEFL^0 \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_{p,i}^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta + \int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta \right] \\ + \frac{1}{2} K_S T \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left\{ \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} (m_p^* - \xi) g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi \right\} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta$$

But since, (see above)

$$\left[ \int_{-\infty}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta + \int_{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\infty} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta \right] = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p + \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} & \tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq \bar{\delta}_i < \infty \\ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p + \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq \bar{\delta}_i < \tilde{\delta}_i^p \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\bar{\delta}_i + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} & \bar{\delta}_i \leq -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \end{cases}$$

$$DEFL^1|i = DEFL^0 \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_{p,i}^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p + \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} & \tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq \bar{\delta}_i < \infty \\ & \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p + \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq \bar{\delta}_i < \tilde{\delta}_i^p \\ & 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{(\bar{\delta}_i + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} & \bar{\delta}_i \leq -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \end{aligned} \right\} \\ + \frac{1}{2} K_S T \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left\{ \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} (m_p^* - \xi) g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi \right\} h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} (m_p^* - \xi) g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi = \frac{1}{\hat{\sigma}_p \sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} (m_p^* - \xi) e^{-\frac{(m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) - \xi)^2}{2\hat{\sigma}_p^2}} d\xi$$

$$\text{Let } t = \frac{(-\xi + m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta))}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \quad \text{Then } dt = -\frac{d\xi}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \quad \text{and } \xi = (m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) - t\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p})$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} (m_p^* - \xi) g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi &= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}}^{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}} (-\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) + t\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}) e^{-t^2} dt = \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}}^{\infty} (-\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) + t\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}) e^{-t^2} dt = -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}}^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt + \frac{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}}^{\infty} te^{-t^2} dt = \\ &= -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left\{ \int_{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}}^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt \quad \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \right. \\ &\quad \left. \int_{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}}^0 e^{-t^2} dt + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t^2} dt \quad \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) < 0 \right\} + \frac{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left\{ \int_{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}}^{\infty} te^{-t^2} dt \quad \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \right. \\ &\quad \left. \int_{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}}^0 te^{-t^2} dt + \int_0^{\infty} te^{-t^2} dt \quad \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) < 0 \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$z = t^2 \Rightarrow dz = 2tdt$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} (m_p^* - \xi) g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi &= -\left\{ \frac{1}{2} \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \operatorname{erfc}\left\{ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right\} \quad \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \right. \\ &\quad \left. \frac{1}{2} \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \left[ 1 - \operatorname{erfc}\left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right\} + 1 \right] \quad \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) < 0 \right\} + \\ &\quad \frac{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \int_{\left[ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} \right]^2}^{\infty} e^{-z} dz \quad \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \int_0^{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}} te^{-t^2} dt + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-z} dz \quad \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) < 0 \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} (m_p^* - \xi) g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi = - \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \left[ 1 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} + 1 \right] & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) < 0 \end{aligned} \right\} + \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \left[ -e^{-z} \right]_{\left[ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right]^2}^{\infty} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\left[ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right]^2} e^{-z} dz + \frac{1}{2} \left[ -e^{-z} \right]_0^{\infty} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) < 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \\
& \left[ -e^{-z} \right]_{\left[ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right]^2}^{\infty} = e^{-\left[ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right]^2} \\
& \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} (m_p^* - \xi) g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi = - \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \left[ 1 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} + 1 \right] & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) < 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} e^{-\left[ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right]^2} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \left[ -e^{-z} \right]_0^{\left[ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right]^2} + \frac{1}{2} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) < 0 \end{aligned} \right\} = - \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \left[ 2 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right] & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) < 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} e^{-\left[ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right]^2} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \\ & -\frac{1}{2} \left[ -e^{-\left[ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right]^2} + 1 \right] + \frac{1}{2} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) < 0 \end{aligned} \right\} = - \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \left[ 2 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right] & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) < 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \\
& + \frac{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} e^{-\left[ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right]^2} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \\ & \frac{1}{2} e^{-\left[ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right]^2} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) < 0 \end{aligned} \right\} = - \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \left[ 2 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right] & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) < 0 \end{aligned} \right\} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p}{2\sqrt{\pi}} e^{-\left[ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2} \hat{\sigma}_p} \right]^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Then:

$$\int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} (m_p^* - \xi) g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi \right] h_i(\theta, \rho_i) d\theta =$$

$$\int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\left[\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right]^2} - \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) > 0 \\ \frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{2} \left[ 2 - \operatorname{erfc}\left\{-\frac{\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta)}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} \right] & \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) < 0 \end{cases} \right] h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta$$

Thus

*Substituting*  $\hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta) = \alpha_p^i \theta$

$$\int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} (m_p^* - \xi) g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi \right] h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\left[\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right]^2} - \begin{cases} \frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} & \alpha_p^i \theta > 0 \\ \frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{2} \left[ 2 - \operatorname{erfc}\left\{-\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} \right] & \alpha_p^i \theta < 0 \end{cases} \right] e^{-(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)^2 / (2\rho_i^2)} d\theta$$

$$\int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} (m_p^* - \xi) g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi \right] h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\left[\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right]^2} e^{-(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)^2 / (2\rho_i^2)} d\theta -$$

$$- \begin{cases} \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \theta \left[ 2 - \operatorname{erfc}\left\{-\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} \right] e^{-\frac{(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta + \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \theta \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} e^{-\frac{(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta & \alpha_p^i > 0 \\ \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \theta \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} e^{-\frac{(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta + \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \theta \left[ 2 - \operatorname{erfc}\left\{-\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right\} \right] e^{-\frac{(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta & \alpha_p^i < 0 \end{cases}$$

But

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\left[\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p}\right]^2} e^{-(\theta-\bar{\delta}_i)^2/(2\rho_i^2)} d\theta = \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} e^{-\frac{[\alpha_p^i \theta]^2}{2\hat{\sigma}_p^2}} e^{-\frac{(\theta-\bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta$$

$$a\theta^2 + b(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)^2 = r(\theta - e)^2 + f \Rightarrow (a+b)\theta^2 - 2b\theta\bar{\delta}_i + b\bar{\delta}_i^2 = r\theta^2 - 2re\theta + re^2 + f$$

$$(a+b) = r \quad 2b\bar{\delta}_i = 2re \quad b\bar{\delta}_i^2 = re^2 + f$$

$$\Rightarrow b\bar{\delta}_i = (a+b)e \Rightarrow e = b\bar{\delta}_i/(a+b) \Rightarrow f = b\bar{\delta}_i^2 - re^2 = b\bar{\delta}_i^2 - (a+b)b^2\bar{\delta}_i^2/(a+b)^2$$

$$r = \frac{[\alpha_p^i]^2}{2\hat{\sigma}_p^2} + \frac{1}{2\rho_i^2} \quad e = \frac{\bar{\delta}_i}{2\rho_i^2} \frac{1}{\left[\frac{[\alpha_p^i]^2}{2\hat{\sigma}_p^2} + \frac{1}{2\rho_i^2}\right]} \quad f = \frac{1}{2\rho_i^2} \bar{\delta}_i^2 - \frac{\bar{\delta}_i^2}{4\rho_i^4} \frac{1}{\left[\frac{[\alpha_p^i]^2}{2\hat{\sigma}_p^2} + \frac{1}{2\rho_i^2}\right]}$$

$$\frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} e^{-\frac{[\alpha_p^i \theta]^2}{2\hat{\sigma}_p^2}} e^{-\frac{(\theta-\bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta = \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{e^{-f}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} e^{-r(\theta-e)^2} d\theta$$

$$z = \sqrt{r}(\theta - e); dz = \sqrt{r} d\theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} e^{-\frac{[\alpha_p^i \theta]^2}{2\hat{\sigma}_p^2}} e^{-\frac{(\theta-\bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta &= \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{e^{-f}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i \sqrt{r}} \int_{\sqrt{r}(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)}^{\sqrt{r}(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)} e^{-z^2} dz \\ &= \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{e^{-f}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i \sqrt{r}} \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left[ \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\sqrt{r}(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)}^{\sqrt{r}(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)} e^{-z^2} dz \right] = \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} e^{\frac{[\alpha_p^i \theta]^p}{2\hat{\sigma}_p}} e^{-\frac{(\theta - \bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta = \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{e^{-f}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i\sqrt{r}} \int_{\sqrt{r}(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)}^{\sqrt{r}(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)} e^{-z^2} dz = \\
& \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{e^{-f}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i\sqrt{r}} \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left[ \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\sqrt{r}(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)}^{\sqrt{r}(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)} e^{-z^2} dz \right] = \\
& = \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{e^{-f}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i\sqrt{r}} \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\sqrt{r}(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)}^0 e^{-z^2} dz + \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^{\sqrt{r}(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)} e^{-z^2} dz & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e \leq 0; \tilde{\delta}_i^p - e \geq 0 \\ & \Rightarrow -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq e \leq \tilde{\delta}_i^p \\ & \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\sqrt{r}(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)}^{\sqrt{r}(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)} e^{-z^2} dz & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e \geq 0; \tilde{\delta}_i^p - e \geq 0 \\ & \Rightarrow -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \geq e \\ & \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\sqrt{r}(-e - \tilde{\delta}_i^p)}^{\sqrt{r}(-e + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)} e^{-z^2} dz = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{\sqrt{r}(e + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)}^{\sqrt{r}(e - \tilde{\delta}_i^p)} e^{-z^2} dz & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e \leq 0; \tilde{\delta}_i^p - e \leq 0 \\ & \Rightarrow e \geq \tilde{\delta}_i^p \end{aligned} \right. \\
& r = \frac{[\alpha_p^i]^2}{2\hat{\sigma}_p^2} + \frac{1}{2\rho_i^2} = \frac{1}{2\hat{\sigma}_p^2\rho_i^2} \left[ [\alpha_p^i]^2 \rho_i^2 + \hat{\sigma}_p^2 \right] \quad e = \frac{\bar{\delta}_i}{2\rho_i^2} \frac{1}{\left[ \frac{[\alpha_p^i]^2}{2\hat{\sigma}_p^2} + \frac{1}{2\rho_i^2} \right]} = \frac{\bar{\delta}_i}{\rho_i^2} \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^2 \rho_i^2}{[\alpha_p^i]^2 \rho_i^2 + \hat{\sigma}_p^2} = \frac{\bar{\delta}_i}{\rho_i^2} \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^2 \rho_i^2}{2\hat{\sigma}_p^2 \rho_i^2 r}; \\
& e = \frac{\bar{\delta}_i}{2\rho_i^2 r} \quad f = \frac{1}{2\rho_i^2} \bar{\delta}_i^2 - \frac{\bar{\delta}_i^2}{4\rho_i^4} \frac{1}{\left[ \frac{[\alpha_p^i]^2}{2\hat{\sigma}_p^2} + \frac{1}{2\rho_i^2} \right]} = \frac{\bar{\delta}_i^2}{2\rho_i^2} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{2\rho_i^2 r} \right) \\
& = \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{e^{-\frac{\bar{\delta}_i^2}{2\rho_i^2} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{2\rho_i^2 r} \right)}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i\sqrt{r}} \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & 1 - \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(e + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)\} + 1 - \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)\} & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq e \leq \tilde{\delta}_i^p \\ & \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)\} - \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)\} & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \geq e \\ & \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(e - \tilde{\delta}_i^p)\} - \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(e + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)\} & e \geq \tilde{\delta}_i^p \end{aligned} \right.
\end{aligned}$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{m_p^*} (m_p^* - \xi) g_M(\xi; m_p^* + \hat{\delta}_p^i(\theta), \hat{\sigma}_p) d\xi \right] h_i(\theta; \bar{\delta}_i, \rho_i) d\theta = \\
& = \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p e^{-\frac{\bar{\delta}_i^2}{2\rho_i^2}(1-\frac{1}{2\rho_i^2 r})}}{4\rho_i \sqrt{\pi r}} \begin{cases} 1 - \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(e + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)\} + 1 - \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)\} & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq e \leq \tilde{\delta}_i^p \\ \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)\} - \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)\} & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \geq e \\ \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(e - \tilde{\delta}_i^p)\} - \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(e + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)\} & e \geq \tilde{\delta}_i^p \end{cases} \\
& - \begin{cases} \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \theta \left[ 2 - \operatorname{erfc}\left\{-\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}\right\} \right] e^{-\frac{(\theta-\bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta + \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \theta \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}\right\} e^{-\frac{(\theta-\bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta & \alpha_p^i > 0 \\ \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \theta \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}\right\} e^{-\frac{(\theta-\bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta + \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \theta \left[ 2 - \operatorname{erfc}\left\{-\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}\right\} \right] e^{-\frac{(\theta-\bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta & \alpha_p^i < 0 \end{cases} \\
& DEFL^1|_i = DEFL^0 \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p + \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}\right\} + 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}\right\} & \tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq \bar{\delta}_i < \infty \\ \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p + \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}\right\} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}\right\} & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq \bar{\delta}_i < \tilde{\delta}_i^p \\ 1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{-\frac{(\bar{\delta}_i + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}\right\} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - \bar{\delta}_i)}{\sqrt{2\rho_i}}\right\} & \bar{\delta}_i \leq -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \end{cases} \\
& + \frac{1}{2} K_s T \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p e^{-\frac{\bar{\delta}_i^2}{2\rho_i^2}(1-\frac{1}{2\rho_i^2 r})}}{4\rho_i \sqrt{\pi r}} \begin{cases} 1 - \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(e + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)\} + 1 - \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)\} & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \leq e \leq \tilde{\delta}_i^p \\ \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(-\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)\} - \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(\tilde{\delta}_i^p - e)\} & -\tilde{\delta}_i^p \geq e \\ \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(e - \tilde{\delta}_i^p)\} - \operatorname{erfc}\{\sqrt{r}(e + \tilde{\delta}_i^p)\} & e \geq \tilde{\delta}_i^p \end{cases} \\
& - \frac{1}{2} K_s T \begin{cases} \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \theta \left[ 2 - \operatorname{erfc}\left\{-\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}\right\} \right] e^{-\frac{(\theta-\bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta + \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \theta \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}\right\} e^{-\frac{(\theta-\bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta & \alpha_p^i > 0 \\ \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \theta \operatorname{erfc}\left\{\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}\right\} e^{-\frac{(\theta-\bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta + \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \theta \left[ 2 - \operatorname{erfc}\left\{-\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2\hat{\sigma}_p}}\right\} \right] e^{-\frac{(\theta-\bar{\delta}_i)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta & \alpha_p^i < 0 \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$

For the mean=0, we have,  $e=f=0$ . Then

$$DEFL^1|i = DEFL^0 \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{1}{2} K_s T \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{4\rho_i \sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ 2 - 2\operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \sqrt{r} \tilde{\delta}_i^p \right\} \right] \\ - \frac{1}{2} K_s T \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \theta \left[ 2 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right] e^{-\frac{\theta^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta + \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \theta \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} e^{-\frac{\theta^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta \quad \alpha_p^i > 0 \\ & \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 \theta \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} e^{-\frac{\theta^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta + \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \theta \left[ 2 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ -\frac{\alpha_p^i \theta}{\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p} \right\} \right] e^{-\frac{\theta^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta \quad \alpha_p^i < 0 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

Then

$$DEFL^1|i = DEFL^0 \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{1}{2} K_s T \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{2\rho_i \sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ 1 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \sqrt{r} \tilde{\delta}_i^p \right\} \right] \\ - \frac{1}{2} K_s T \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 2\theta e^{-\frac{\theta^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta \quad \alpha_p^i > 0 \\ & \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 2\theta e^{-\frac{\theta^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta \quad \alpha_p^i < 0 \end{aligned} \right\} = \\ DEFL^0 \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{K_s T}{2} \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{2\rho_i \sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ 1 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \sqrt{r} \tilde{\delta}_i^p \right\} \right] - \frac{K_s T}{2} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_{-\tilde{\delta}_i^p}^0 2\theta e^{-\frac{\theta^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta \quad \alpha_p^i > 0 \\ & \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} 2\theta e^{-\frac{\theta^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta \quad \alpha_p^i < 0 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

Then

$$DEFL^1|i = DEFL^0 \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{K_s T}{2} \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{2\rho_i \sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ 1 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \sqrt{r} \tilde{\delta}_i^p \right\} \right] + \frac{K_s T}{2} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} 2\theta e^{-\frac{\theta^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta \quad \alpha_p^i > 0 \\ & \frac{\alpha_p^i}{2\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} 2\theta e^{-\frac{\theta^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta \quad \alpha_p^i < 0 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

or

$$DEFL^1|i = DEFL^0 \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{K_s T}{2} \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{2\rho_i \sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ 1 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \sqrt{r} \tilde{\delta}_i^p \right\} \right] + \frac{K_s T}{2} \frac{|\alpha_p^i|}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \theta e^{-\frac{\theta^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta$$

$$z = \theta^2; dz = 2\theta d\theta$$

$$\int_0^{\tilde{\delta}_i^p} \theta e^{-\frac{\theta^2}{2\rho_i^2}} d\theta = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p)^2} e^{-\frac{z}{2\rho_i^2}} dz = \frac{1}{2} \left[ -2\rho_i^2 e^{-\frac{z}{2\rho_i^2}} \right]_0^{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p)^2} = -\rho_i^2 e^{-\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} + \rho_i^2 = \rho_i^2 (1 - e^{-\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p)^2}{2\rho_i^2}})$$

$$DEFL^1|_i = DEFL^0 \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \text{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{K_s T}{2} \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p}{2\rho_i \sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ 1 - \text{erfc} \left\{ \sqrt{r} \tilde{\delta}_i^p \right\} \right] + \frac{K_s T}{2} \frac{|\alpha_p^i|}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \rho_i^2 \left[ 1 - e^{-\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} \right]$$

We use  $DEFL^0 = \gamma K_s T \hat{\sigma}_p$

$$DEFL^1|_i = DEFL^0 \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \text{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{DEFL^0}{2\gamma} \frac{1}{2\rho_i \sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ 1 - \text{erfc} \left\{ \sqrt{r} \tilde{\delta}_i^p \right\} \right] + \frac{DEFL^0}{2\gamma \hat{\sigma}_p} \frac{|\alpha_p^i|}{\sqrt{2\pi}\rho_i} \rho_i^2 \left[ 1 - e^{-\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} \right] \Bigg\} =$$

$$DEFL^1|_i = DEFL^0 \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \text{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{DEFL^0}{4\gamma\rho_i \sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ 1 - \text{erfc} \left\{ \sqrt{r} \tilde{\delta}_i^p \right\} \right] + \frac{DEFL^0 |\alpha_p^i| \rho_i}{2\gamma \hat{\sigma}_p \sqrt{2\pi}} \left[ 1 - e^{-\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} \right] \Bigg\} =$$

$$DEFL^1|_i = DEFL^0 \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \text{erfc} \left\{ \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{1}{4\gamma\rho_i \sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ 1 - \text{erfc} \left\{ \sqrt{r} \tilde{\delta}_i^p \right\} \right] + \frac{|\alpha_p^i| \rho_i}{2\gamma \hat{\sigma}_p \sqrt{2\pi}} \left[ 1 - e^{-\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} \right] \right\}$$


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## Derivation of equations (42)-(43)

$$DEFL^1|_i = DEFL^0 \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] erfc \left\{ \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{1}{4\gamma\rho_i\sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ 1 - erfc \left\{ \sqrt{r}\tilde{\delta}_i^p \right\} \right] - \frac{\alpha_p^i \rho_i}{2\gamma\hat{\sigma}_p\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[ 1 - e^{-\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} \right] \right\}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \rho_i << \tilde{\delta}_i^p \Rightarrow x = \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\rho_i} >> 1 \\ DEFL^1|_i = DEFL^0 \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] erfc \left\{ \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right\} + \frac{1}{4\gamma\rho_i\sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ 1 - erfc \left\{ \rho_i \sqrt{r} x \right\} \right] - \frac{\alpha_p^i \rho_i}{2\gamma\hat{\sigma}_p\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[ 1 - e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \right] \right\} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$erfc(x) = 1 - \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} e^{-x^2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^n x^{2n+1}}{1.3..(2n+1)} \quad \text{Then} \quad erfc \left\{ \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right\} = 1 - O(xe^{-\frac{x^2}{2}})$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} DEFL^1|_i &= DEFL^0 \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \left[ 1 - O(xe^{-\frac{x^2}{2}}) \right] + \frac{1}{4\gamma\rho_i\sqrt{r\pi}} \left[ 1 - \left[ 1 - O(\rho_i \sqrt{r} x e^{-\rho_i \sqrt{r} x}) \right] \right] - \frac{\alpha_p^i \rho_i}{2\gamma\hat{\sigma}_p\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[ 1 - e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \right] \right\} \\ &= DEFL^0 \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] - O(xe^{-x}) \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$DEFL^1|_i = DEFL^0 \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] erfc \left\{ \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{1}{2\gamma\rho_i\sqrt{r\pi}} \left[ 1 - erfc \left\{ \sqrt{r}\tilde{\delta}_i^p \right\} \right] - \frac{\alpha_p^i \rho_i}{2\gamma\hat{\sigma}_p\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[ 1 - e^{-\frac{(\tilde{\delta}_i^p)^2}{2\rho_i^2}} \right] \right\}$$

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$$\rho_i \gg \tilde{\delta}_i^p \Rightarrow x = \frac{\tilde{\delta}_i^p}{\rho_i} \ll 1$$

$$DEFL^1|_i = DEFL^0 \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}\rho_i} \right\} + \frac{1}{2\gamma\rho_i\sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ 1 - \operatorname{erfc} \left\{ \rho_i\sqrt{r}x \right\} \right] - \frac{\alpha_p^i\rho_i}{2\gamma\hat{\sigma}_p\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[ 1 - e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \right] \right\}$$

$$\operatorname{erfc}(x) = 1 - \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^{2n+1}}{n!(2n+1)} = 1 - \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left( x - \frac{x^3}{3} \dots \right)$$

$$DEFL^1|_i = DEFL^0 \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \left\{ 1 - \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{2}{3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{8}} x^3 - O(x^5) \right\} +$$

$$\frac{1}{2\gamma\rho_i\sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \rho_i\sqrt{r}x - \frac{2}{3\sqrt{\pi}} [\rho_i\sqrt{r}]^3 x^3 + O(x^5) \right] - \frac{\alpha_p^i\rho_i}{2\gamma\hat{\sigma}_p\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[ 1 - 1 + \frac{x^2}{2} - O(x^4) \right] =$$

$$DEFL^1|_i = DEFL^0 \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] - \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] + \frac{1}{2\gamma\rho_i\sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \rho_i\sqrt{r}x \right] - \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\alpha_p^i\rho_i}{2\gamma\hat{\sigma}_p\sqrt{2\pi}} \left[ \frac{x^2}{2} \right] + \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \left\{ \frac{2}{3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{8}} x^3 \right\} - \frac{1}{2\gamma\rho_i\sqrt{\pi r}} \left[ \frac{2}{3\sqrt{\pi}} [\rho_i\sqrt{r}]^3 x^3 \right] \right\} - O(x^4)$$

$$DEFL^1|_i = DEFL^0 \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] - \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}} \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] - \frac{1}{2\gamma\sqrt{\pi}} \right\} x + \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\alpha_p^i\rho_i}{4\gamma\hat{\sigma}_p\sqrt{2\pi}} x^2 + \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \left\{ \frac{2}{3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{8}} \right\} - \frac{\rho_i^2 r}{3\gamma\pi} \right\} x^3 \right\} + O(x^4)$$


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$$\gamma = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_0^\infty \xi e^{-\xi^2} d\xi =$$

$$z = \xi^2; dz = 2\xi d\xi; \xi d\xi = dz / 2$$

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_0^\infty \left[ -\frac{e^{-z}}{2} \right] dz = \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2\pi}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4\sqrt{\pi}} DEFL^0 \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] - \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}} \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] - \frac{1}{2\gamma\sqrt{\pi}} \right\} x + \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\alpha_p^i \rho_i}{4\gamma\hat{\sigma}_p\sqrt{2\pi}} x^2 + \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \left\{ \frac{2}{3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{8}} \right\} - \frac{\rho_i^2 r}{3\gamma\pi} \right\} x^3 \right\} + O(x^4)$$

$$DEFL^1|_i = DEFL^0 \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] - \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] - \frac{4\sqrt{\pi}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}} \right\} x + \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\alpha_p^i \rho_i 4\sqrt{\pi}}{4\sqrt{2}\hat{\sigma}_p\sqrt{2\pi}} x^2 + \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \left\{ \frac{2}{3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{8}} \right\} - \frac{\rho_i^2 r 4\sqrt{\pi}}{3\sqrt{2}\pi} \right\} x^3 \right\} + O(x^4) =$$

$$= DEFL^0 \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] + \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left\{ \sqrt{2} - \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \right\} x + \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\alpha_p^i \rho_i}{2\hat{\sigma}_p} x^2 + \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \left\{ \frac{2}{3\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{8}} \sqrt{\frac{2}{2}} \right\} - \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \rho_i^2 r \right\} x^3 \right\} + O(x^4) =$$

$$= DEFL^0 \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] + \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left\{ \sqrt{2} - \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \right\} x + \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\alpha_p^i \rho_i}{2\hat{\sigma}_p} x^2 + \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \left\{ \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \right\} - \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \rho_i^2 r \right\} x^3 \right\} + O(x^4) =$$

$$= DEFL^0 \left\{ \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] + \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left\{ \sqrt{2} - \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] \right\} x + \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\alpha_p^i \rho_i}{2\hat{\sigma}_p} x^2 + \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left\{ \frac{1}{4} \left[ \frac{\hat{\sigma}_p^{R,i}}{\hat{\sigma}_p} \right] - \rho_i^2 r \right\} x^3 \right\} + O(x^4)$$


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